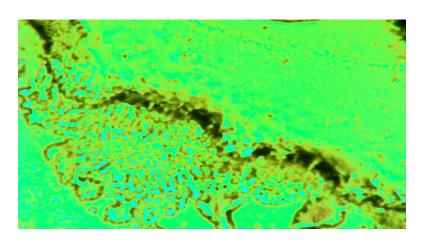


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HypoxyprobeTM-1 Green Kit

HPI Catalog # HP6-XXX

Kit contents:

Solid pimonidazole HCl (HypoxyprobeTM-1) FITC conjugated to rat IgG₁ monoclonal antibody (FITC-MAb1).

Applications: Immunochemical detection of cell and tissue hypoxia including immunofluorescence, immunoperoxidase or flow cytometry. This kit provides strong immunostaining with very low background in formalin fixed, paraffin embedded rat tumor tissue.

Quantities:

a. HypoxyprobeTM-1 Green Kits contain 100 mg, 200 mg or 1000 mg of pimonidazole HCl. Typically a dosage of 60mg/kg body weight is used for animal studies.

b. One vial (100 and 200 mg Kits) or two vials (1000 mg Kit) containing 200 uL of a diluted FITC-conjugated IgG₁ rat monoclonal antibody (clone 11.23.22.R). Each vial contains 200 microliters of a 0.50 mg/ml solution of FITC-MAb1 in PBS containing 1 % BSA and 0.09% sodium azide. Optimal dilution of FITC-MAb1 is to be determined by the investigator but a 1:50-100 dilution has been found to give strong immunostaining in rat tumor tissue when combined with a 1:50-100 dilution of the peroxidase conjugated anti-FITC secondary While not designed specifically for immunofluorescence, FITC-MAb1 can be used for this purpose. Antibody dilution is typically lower for immunofluorescence than for immunoperoxidase detection.

Not supplied: Standard reagents used for immunohistochemical analyses.

Storage:

a. Store HypoxyprobeTM-1 solid at room temperature in the dark (can also be stored at 2-8 degrees C)

b. Store FITC-MAb at 2-8 degrees C in the dark. **Do not freeze.**

Detailed Description of HypoxyprobeTM-1 Green Kit components

1) HypoxyprobeTM-1 is a substituted 2-nitroimidazole whose chemical name is pimonidazole hydrochloride with a molecular weight of 290.8; a water solubility of 400 millimolar (116 mg/ml); and, ultraviolet absorbance at 324 nm (extinction coefficient 7020 in 0.9% saline). The free base, pimonidazole, has a molecular weight of 254.3, a pKa of 8.7 and an octanol water partition coefficient of 8.5. See www.hypoxyprobe.com for mechanism of action, frequently asked questions (FAQ) and applications for HypoxyprobeTM-1 kits.

Solid HypoxyprobeTM-1 has been stored for two years at room temperature in subdued light and stored in 0.9% saline (100 gms/liter) at 4°C for 4.5 years without detectable degradation (UV and HPLC analyses).

Pimonidazole is reductively activated in hypoxic cells and forms stable adducts with thiol (sulphydryl) groups in proteins, peptides and amino acids. FITC-MAb1 binds to these adducts allowing their detection by immunochemical means.

2) FITC-MAb1, a fluorescein-conjugated rat IgG₁ monoclonal antibody (MAb clone

11.23.22.R), is supplied at a concentration of 0.5 mg/ml in PBS containing 0.09% Proclin as stabilizer. Tissues of interest can be studied by immunohistochemistry on frozen fixed sections or formalin fixed paraffin embedded sections or by flow cytometry following tissue disaggregation.

<u>Note:</u> FITC-MAb1 binds to protein, peptide and amino acid adducts of pimonidazole but tissue processing during immunohistochemistry washes away peptide and amino acid adducts so that immunohistochemical hypoxia detection relies on protein adducts of pimonidazole in hypoxic tissue.

Assay Instructions

1. Investigations of normal or tumor tissue hypoxia begin with the intravenous infusion, intraperitoneal injection or oral ingestion of a HypoxyprobeTM-1 (pimonidazole HCl) solution at a dosage of 60 mg/kg body weight. For a 25 gram rat this amounts to 1.5 mg/rat. Dosages up to

400 mg/kg have been used in mice without detectable toxicity or change in tissue hypoxia but 60 mg/kg

gives good immunostaining at minimum cost.

The solubility of HypoxyprobeTM-1 in saline is 116 mg/ml so that very small volumes can be used to administer HypoxyprobeTM-1. Following injection or ingestion, HypoxyprobeTM-1 is distributed to all tissues including brain but it forms adducts with thiol containing proteins only in those cells that have a oxygen concentration less than 14 micromolar -- equivalent to a partial pressure $pO_2 = 10$ mm Hg at 37°C. In addition to tumors, normal tissues such as liver, kidney and skin possess cells at, or below, a $pO_2 = 10$ mmHg. These normal tissues bind HypoxyprobeTM-1.

The plasma half-life of HypoxyprobeTM-1 in mice is approximately 25 minutes (see the FAQ link at www.hypoxprobe.com for references). For comparison, plasma half-lives for rats is 45 minutes, dogs 90 minutes and humans 300 minutes. Rat tissues of interest may be harvested 15 to 90 minutes after HypoxyprobeTM-1 administration. HypoxyprobeTM-1 residing in tissues at the time of harvest will be bound when dissected tissues go anoxic but the amount of residual HypoxyprobeTM-1 is very small compared to the amount that tissues are exposed to during a 15 to 90 minute experiment so that any non-specific binding due to residual HypoxyprobeTM-1 is undetectable.

In addition to animal studies, HypoxyprobeTM kits can be used for cells in tissue culture (see Applications link at www.hypoxprobe.com). Typically, cell suspensions are incubated under hypoxia for 1 to 2 hours in the presence of 100 to 200 micromolar HypoxyprobeTM-1. The cells are harvested by cytospin, fixed and immunostained with FITC-MAb1.

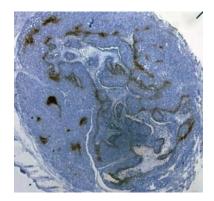


Figure. Immunoperoxidase staining for Hypoxyprobe binding in a formalin-fixed paraffin embedded tissue section from a rodent tumor using 1:100 dilution of FITC- MAb1 and 1:100 dilution of horseradish peroxidase conjugated rabbit anti-FITC IgG.

Suggested protocol for immunostaining pimonidazole adducts in formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections using FITC-conjugated anti-pimonidazole rat monoclonal antibody.

Step	Procedure	Time, Min	Temp	Reagent	Note
1	Soften paraffin	20	40°C	None	
2	Dewax, Dip and Blot x10	2	RT	Clear Rite 3	1
3	Rehydrate, Dip and Blot x10	2	RT	100% Ethanol	
4		2	RT	95% Aqueous ethanol	
5	"	2	RT	80% Aqueous ethanol	
6	"	2	RT	0.2% Brij 35 in distilled water	2
7	"	2	RT	PBS+ 0.2% Brij 35	3
8	Quench tissue peroxidase	5	RT	3% H2O2 in distilled water	4
9	Wash with rinse buffer	2	RT	PBS+ 0.2% Brij 35	
10	Antigen Retrieval	20	90°C	Target retrieval reagent	5
11	Cool to RT	20	RT	None	
12	Wash with rinse buffer	2	RT	PBS + 0.2% Brij 35	
13	Block non-specific binding	10	RT	Protein blocking agent	6
14	Apply primary MAb	60	RT	FITC-MAb1 (1:50-100)	7
15	Wash with rinse buffer	2	RT	PBS+ 0.2% Brij 35	
16	Counterstain	25s	RT	Hematoxylin	8
17	Cover tissue section	45	45°C	CC/Mount	9

Technical Notes

- 1. Clear-Rite 3 -- a less toxic alternative to xylene -- is available from VWR (Cat# 84000-052). For dewaxing (step 2) and tissue rehydration (steps 3-7), ProbeOn Plus slides (Fisher Scientific; Cat# 15-188-52) are held vertically in a MicroProbe Staining Station (Fisher Scientific) in pairs with tissue sections facing each other. The paired slides are dipped in solvent allowing capillary action to carry solvents over the tissue sections. Solvent is removed by blotting the lower end of the slide pair on adsorbent filter paper. The dip and blot procedure is repeated a total of 10 times for each of steps 2-7.
 - Note: These steps were designed for the MicroProbe Staining Station but other routine IHC procedures can be used.
- 2. Brij 35 is enzyme grade polyoxyethylene(23)lauryl ether available from Fisher Scientific (Cat# BP345-500). Alternatives to Brij35 such as Tris buffered saline (TBS) available from Chemicon International, Temecula, CA (Cat# 20845) can be used as the rinse solution. It is recommended that Tween 20® be added to the TBS rinse buffer at a final concentration of 0.1%.
- 3. PBS is 10 mM phosphate buffered saline prepared from tablets available from Sigma (Cat# P-4417), for example.
- 4. 3% H2O2 is diluted Analytical Reagent grade 31.3% H2O2 available from Malinckrodt Baker, Paris, KT (Cat# 5240). Commercial peroxidase blocking agents can be used.
- 5. Antigen retrieval agents such as Biorad Cat# BUF025B; Chemicon International Cat# 21545; or, DAKO Cat# S2369; can be used. Pimonidazole protein adducts are very robust so that the antigen retrieval reagent can be chosen on the basis of requirements for other factors of interest in tissue sections.
- 6. Any serum free protein blocker such as that from DAKO Corp. (Carpinteria, CA)(Cat# X0909) can be used. Note that the protein block is not washed from the section but flicked off to leave residual protein block on the section.
- 7. The reagent is a FITC conjugated, rat anti-pimonidazole monoclonal antibody (FITC-Mab1). The concentration of the FITC-conjugated monoclonal antibody is 0.5 mg/ml and the FITC to protein molecular ratio is typically 4:1. The investigator will determine the optimum dilution but a 1:50-100 dilution in antibody diluent (e.g., Chemicon International, Cat# 21544) gives strong immunostaining with low background for formalin fixed, paraffin embedded, tissue sections. Typically, 100 microliters of diluted FITC-MAb1 is applied to each tissue section. FITC-MAb1 can be used on tissue sections from all species including mice.
- 8. Any commercially available hematoxylin counterstaining reagent is suitable including Chemicon International Cat# 20844.
- 9. CC/Mount (Sigma; Cat# C9368), a direct replacement for Biomeda's Crystal Mount, is an aqueous based permanent mount for immunostained sections. Alternatives include cover slipping with Permount (Fisher Scientific; Cat# SP15-500).